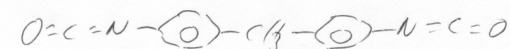


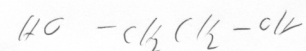
080519 Quiz 6 Introduction to Polymers

- 1) Polyurethane in the video shown in class is formed from two liquids that are mixed. After mixing the solution foams and expands fairly rapidly forming a solid foam after a few minutes.
 - a) One of the liquids contains MDI. Give the full name and structure for MDI.
 - b) What is the reactant (co-monomer) in the second liquid?
 - c) Name a catalyst (give acronym) that might be in the second liquid.
 - d) What role would water play if it were present in the second liquid?
 - e) What happens if a diamine is used rather than what you listed in part b?
- 2) On Friday we made a novolac polymer
 - a) What two reactants were used to make the novolac?
 - b) How do these reactants differ from those used to make a resole polymer?
 - c) For the novolac what condition is needed?
 - d) Outline the reaction scheme for formation of the novolac polymer.
 - e) Why was the novolac pink?
- 3) We also discussed polyimides and epoxys last week.
 - a) Give the structure of an imide bond.
 - b) Give the reactants that form a cyclic polyimide such as kapton.
 - c) Show the two reaction steps to form a polyimide
 - d) Give the structure of epichlorohydrin.
 - e) Give the structure of a glycidyl ether.

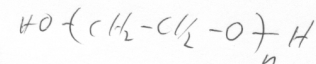
1) a) methylene 4,4' diphenyl diisocyanate



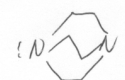
b) A diol
ethylene glycol



or
poly ethylene oxide



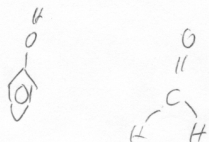
c) DAPCO



d) Water + isocyanate $\Rightarrow CO_2(g)$ $\begin{matrix} H \\ | \\ N-R \end{matrix}$
 $CO_2(g) \Rightarrow$ foaming

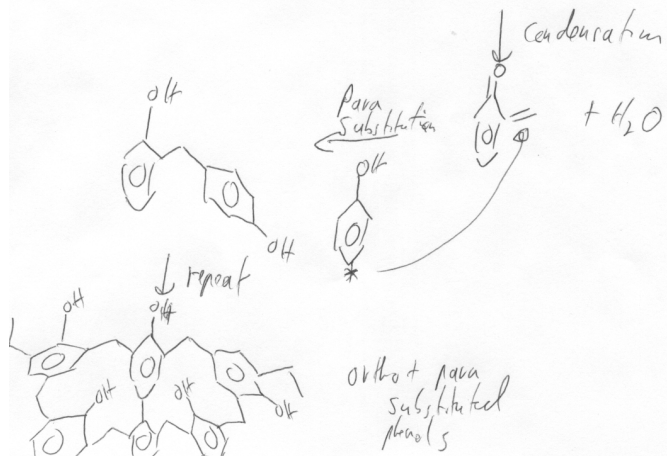
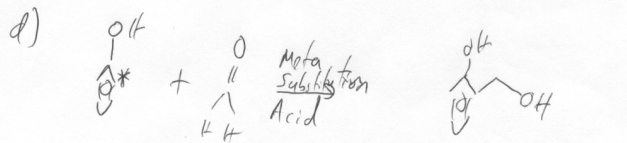
e) You form a poly urea $-N-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}-N-$

2) a) Phenol & Ketone/aldehyde



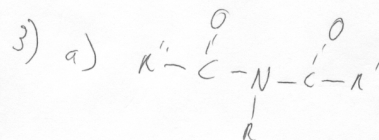
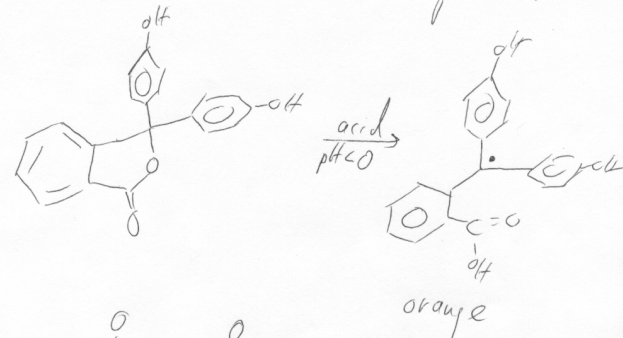
b) Same reactions for a resole

c) Acid we used Acetic acid + HCl

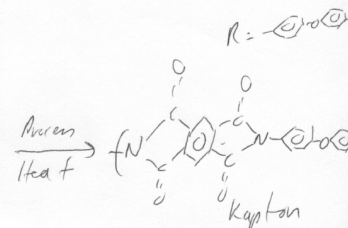
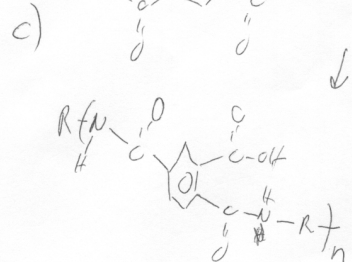
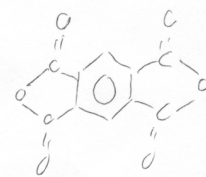


(2)

c) Structure is similar to the structure of phenolphthalein

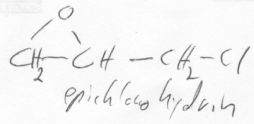


b) pyromellitic anhydride diamide



(3)

d)



e)

